

Introduction to Sendmail for Firewalls

1

Sendmail Configs Needed

- Firewall
 - Must know to send mail for user@mumble.com to mailhub inside
 - Everything else goes out
- Mailhub
 - Must know to send mail for user@*anything-but*-mumble.com to firewall
 - Must accept mail for user@mumble.com

2

Sendmail Configs (cont)

- Other systems inside
 - Must send mail not for user@anything.mumble.com to mailhub

3

Sendmail Syntax

- Sendmail uses ***tabs*** as delimiters
 - Converting tabs to spaces can really mess you up!
 - Cut and paste via X-windows expands tabs! Be careful!
- Syntax designed to make it easy for computer to parse
 - Not for human

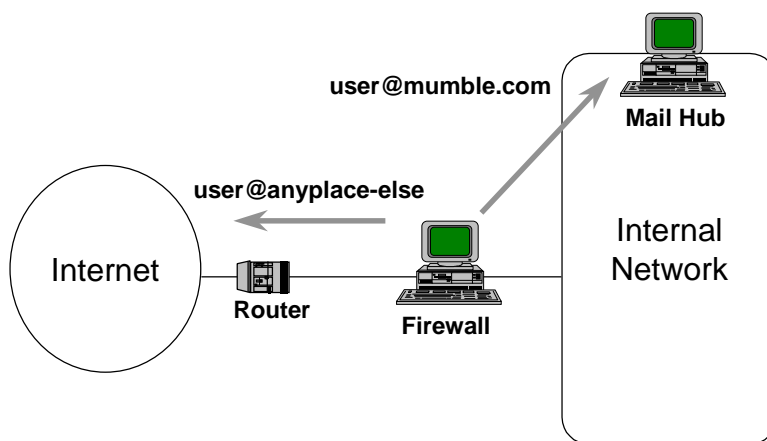
4

Sendmail Syntax (cont)

- Rules all have a left-hand-side and a right-hand-side
- Patterns match on left-hand-side
product a rewrite to the right-hand-side
- This is dramatically oversimplified
 - If you need to do a lot with sendmail buy a book on the topic

5

This is easy! 😊



6

Some Codes

- `$*` - Match anything
- `$+` - Match one or more tokens
- `$#` - Resolve to a mailer
- `$1-$9` - Replace matched token
- `$=L` - A member of 'L'
- `S0` - Beginning of ruleset zero
- `$w` - Myself

7

Bad News

- All `sendmail.cf` files are not equal!
 - Some are huge and complicated
 - Some are stupid and out of date
 - Some are nicely parameterized
 - Some are incredibly cryptic
- Good idea on firewall is to use latest version of `sendmail` and `sendmail.cf` from the same distribution

8

Sendmail.cf Environment

- Some sendmail.cf files define various values that are easy to change
- When making changes, some programmers define values and then change them
 - Others (like me) just make changes in-line
- Good (but old) example:
 - decuac.dec.com:pub/sendmail-cf/generic.cf

9

Inside Ruleset Zero

```
# resolve locally connected UUCP links
R$* < @ $=Z . UUCP. > $*          $#uucp-uudom $@ $2 $: $1 <@$2.UUCP.> $3
R$* < @ $=Y . UUCP. > $*          $#uucp-new $@ $2 $: $1 <@$2.UUCP. > $3
R$* < @ $=U . UUCP. > $*          $#uucp-old $@ $2 $: $1 <@$2.UUCP. > $3

# deal with other remote names
R$* < @$* > $*                    $#smtp $@ $2 $: $1 < @ $2 > $3

# handle locally delivered names
R$=L                               $#local $: @ $1
R$+                                $#local $: $1
```

10

Defining a Variable

```
# mjr - send mail to internal mail hub
DRmailhub.foo.com
```

... later, in Ruleset zero:

```
R$* < @foo.com > $*          $#smtp $@ $R $: $1 < @ foo.com > $2
```

11

Mailer Definitions

```
Mlocal, P=/usr/libexec/mail.local, F=lsDFMAw5:|@rnm, S=10/30, R=20/40,
T=DNS/RFC822/X-Unix,
A=mail -d $u
Mprog, P=/bin/sh, F=lsDFMoeu, S=10/30, R=20/40, D=$z:/,
T=X-Unix,
A=sh -c $u
```

12

Basic Rewrite

- In Ruleset zero:
 - Example traps mail for user@msmail.foo.com and sends it directly to msmtp-gw.foo.com in form of user@foo.com

```
# resolve fake top level domains by forwarding to other hosts
R$*<@msmail.foo.com>$*    $#smtp $@ msmtp-gw.foo.com $: $1<@foo.com>$3
```

13

Forwarding Mail In

- Some sendmail.cf files have a predefined domain value for you to fill in:

```
# EDIT-- this is added in answer to a question "What is your domain? "
# EDIT-- this is used for all hosts.
DDfoo.com
```

... later, in Ruleset zero:

```
R$*<@$-.$D>$*    $#smtp $@ $2.$D$: $1<@$2.$D>$3
```

14

On the Mailhub

- Mailhub should forward mail out that is not for local domain

```
# EDIT--      this is added in answer to a question basically asked
# EDIT--      to determine what to do whenyou dont know how to deliver.
# EDIT--      Who gets the mail? Can be empty...
# EDIT--      if for Tcpip host should be fully qualified name
DRfirewall.foo.com
```

... later, in Ruleset zero:

```
R$*<@$-.$D>$*      $#smtp  $@2.$D$:$1<@2.$D>$3
R$*<@$+>$*        $#smtp  $@$R$:$1<@2>$3
```

15

Summary

- Sendmail is too much to cover in a firewall tutorial
- Making the actual changes to your sendmail.cf file depends on the sendmail.cf file you use to start
- Best to use a new version of sendmail and new .cf file
- Sendmail books exist

16